

Overview of the domestic battery industry and opportunities in Europe





EIT InnoEnergy Objectives

- Ensure security and safety of supply
- Reduce costs in the energy value chain
- Reduce CO₂ emissions
- Improve European competitiveness
- Remove barriers to innovation
- Encourage sustainable growth
- Create jobs

EIT InnoEnergy is the trusted open innovation ecosystem for sustainable energy in Europe



EIT InnoEnergy Activities



Human Capital: Master Programs and professional learning



Incubation: Investing in early-stage start-ups and scale-ups



Innovation: Investing in product development



Setting up Industrial value chains: European Battery Alliance (EBA), European Green Hydrogen Acceleration Center (EGHAC), European Solar Initiative (ESI)





Goal: Support innovations to go to market with less risk and reduced time

Promotion and co-creation of industrial projects across the value chain Building connections with other industrial and energy value chains Acceleration of technology development

Supporting innovations to get financed and help them to access foreign markets



Supporting European innovations to access local markets









Building global connections

- Offices across Europe and in the US
- **700+** partners
- **27** shareholders





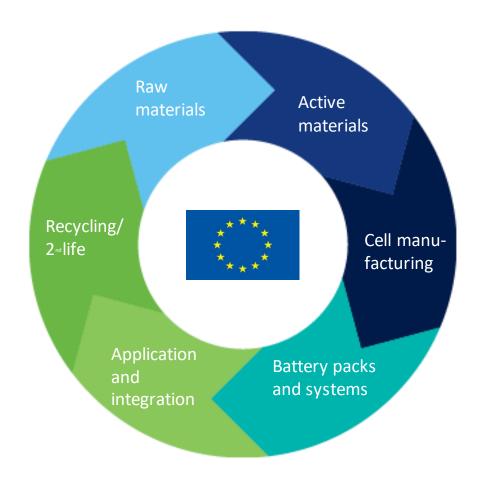


The opportunity: Europe becoming the fast follower in batteries



This cooperative ecosystem gathers the European Commission, interested EU countries, investment institutions and key industrial, innovation and academia stakeholders

EIT InnoEnergy has been trusted by the European Commission to drive forward and promote EBA250 activities, acting as network manager and project facilitator



Creating a competitive and sustainable battery industry in Europe by 2025, to capitalize on opportunities and capture a new market worth €250B/year





Boom in battery production in Europe supported by concerted policy and investment effort













Securing Access to Raw Materials

- Communication on critical raw materials
- Raw Materials Alliance with a focus on upstream supply chain elements



Various programs such as Horizon 2020, Batteries Europe, Horizon Europe, Battery 2030+ promoting technology leadership

Sustainability Focus

Battery Regulation Proposal (Dec 2020) as part of a Circular Economy Action Plan

Supporting Cell Manufacturing

Important Projects
of Common
European Interest
to the tune of
€3.2bn (Dec 2019)
and €2.9 BN (Jan
2021) launched and
funded

Securing Skilled Workforce

- Dedicated projects such as ALBATTS, DRIVES, and COSME
- Automotive Skills
 Alliance launched
 (Nov 2020)

Policy Consistency

Aligning broader frameworks like EU's trade policy, clean energy strategy, mobility packages, and Green Deal



Increasing activities in all part of the value chain – EBA is a European success





materials

Active Materials

Battery Manufacturing Cells

Systems

Application & Integration

Recycling & 2nd life

NORWAY

Active Materials: SKALAND and ELKEM (graphite

Battery manufacturing: MORROW and FREYR

FINLAND

Active materials: BASF Recycling: Fortum/BASF/NORNICKEL

UK

Battery Manufacturing: ENVISION, BRITISHVOLT

GERMANY

Battery manufacturing: ACC, NORTHVOLT/VW, TESLA, CATL, VARTA, BMW, CELLFORCE, AKSAOL, Recycling: VW, PROMOBIUS

NETHERLANDS

BELGIUM

Active Materials: UMICORE, LEYDEN-JAR Recycling: UMilCORE

FRANCE

Recycling: SNAM/HONDA

SPAIN

Raw Materials: Infinity, LITHIUM IBERIA (lithium)

ITALY

CZECH REPUBLIC

MANGANESE (managense)
Battery Production: MES

SLOVAKIA

Machinery

SWEDEN

Applications: EPIROC (industrial), SEEL (IPCEI)

DENMARK

ESTONIA

Battery Manufacturing: SKELETON (supercaps)

IRELAND

PORTUGAL

POLAND

Battery manufacturing: LG CHEM

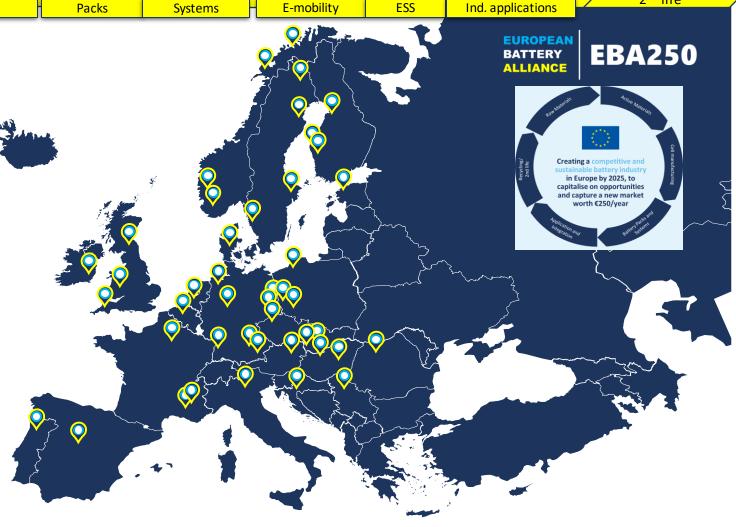
ROMANIA

SERBIA

AUSTRIA

mobility), CYBERGRID (ESS)

CROATIA



2020: ~ 26 GWh Capacity

Battery manufacturing capacity

2030: ~ 500 GWh Capacity



Promising

- 2800 B Forints (€7,4 B EUR) CAPEX already spent by 6 foreign companies (67% decided in 2021)
- Further foreign direct investments (FDI) expected.
- Governmental goals: 2nd or 3rd position in exported value of batteries in Europe
- Hungarian successes (selling on the market):
 - Supply to Northvolt
 - Component, cabinet supply
 - Assembly of battery packs

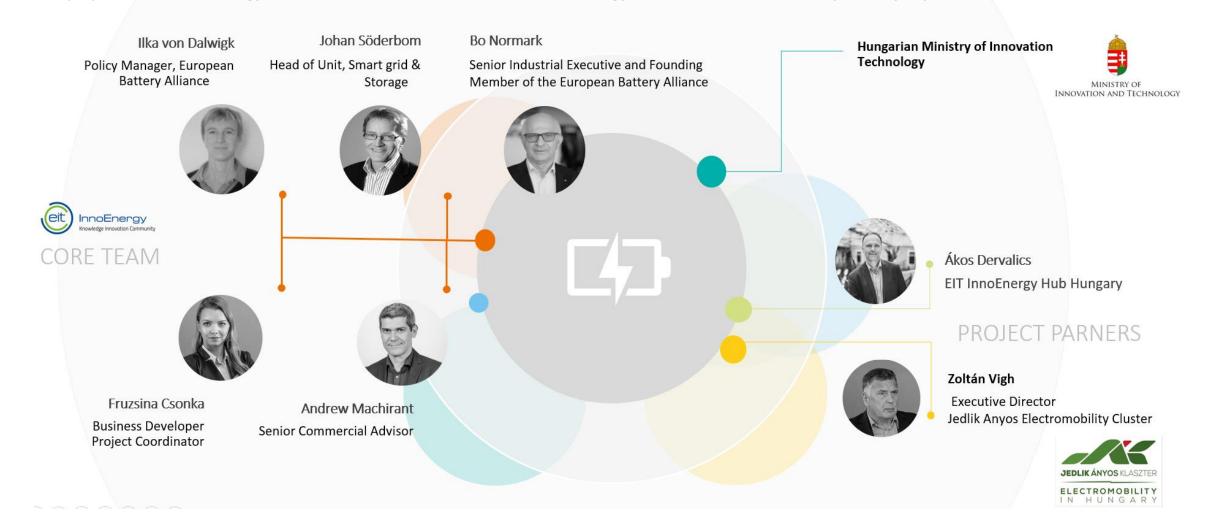
Challenging

- Most of the investments taken by non-Hungarian / non-European players:
 - SK Innovation: 1030 B,
 - Samsung: 763 B,
 - LG Chem-Toray: 270 B,
 - Ecopro BM: 264 B
- No economic metrics by KSH
- Usually last third of the value chain covered by Hungarian companies
- No design and brand -> smaller value added
- Technology and high value components procured from abroad
- No news of Hungarian successes in the press



The planned Strategy covers the entire value chain of battery production: from raw materials through cell production to their use and recycling. The focus of the work related to the preparation of the Strategy is to enable Hungary - together with industrial partners, authorities, the academic and financial sector - to be integrated into the European ecosystem, the European Battery Alliance.

The preparation of the Strategy is a result of the activities of ITM & EIT InnoEnergy, with the involvement of key industry experts.



National industrial strategy with EIT InnoEnergy - Goals and Vision





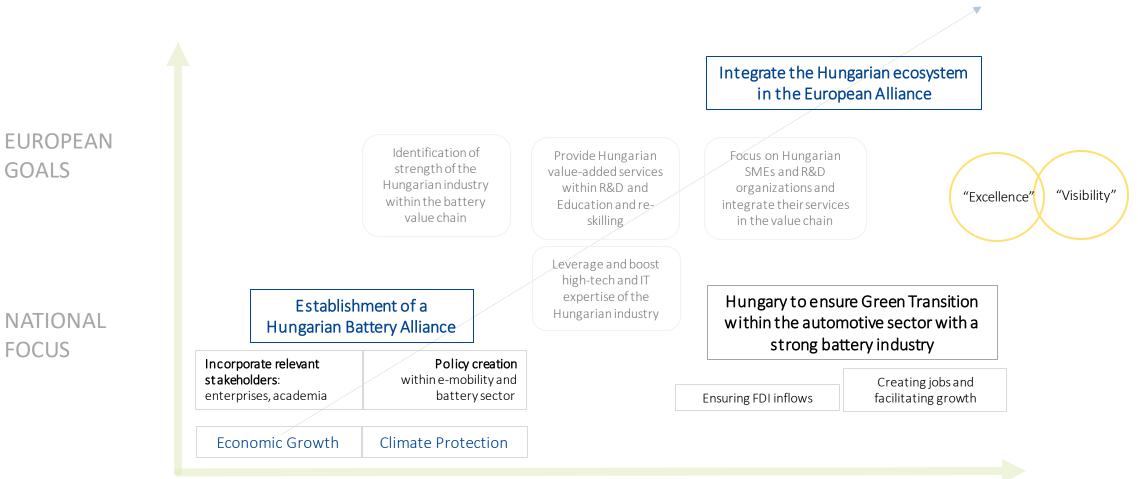


GOALS

NATIONAL

FOCUS

Goals and Vision – Hungarian Battery Strategy



STAGE 1

Results: action plan for a vertically integrated battery industry



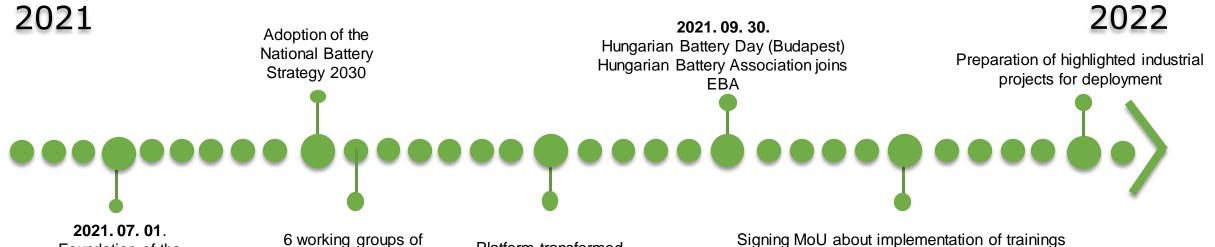


Objectives	Pathways	Actions	Goals
Decarbonizing the transport and power system using batteries and increased electrification	Develop and support sustainable market solutions for the use of batteries in the power, transportation and industry sectors in line with EU climate goals	 Implement the EU Sustainable Battery Regulation to open new business opportunity Develop a beneficial market design for the use of batteries Accelerate decarbonizing of the transport system Decarbonizing the electricity systems using batteries Remove regulatory barriers for stationary storage Create regulatory sandboxes for batteries as a service in the grid Create opportunities for stationary storage on different levels (peaking plants to household levels) Increase access to batteries for stationary storage applications 	 Position Hungary on the forefront of electrification Achieve climate goals
A competitive and sustainable Hungarian battery value chain	Supporting projects involving Hungarian a ctors covering different segments of the battery value chain	 Increase value of production in Hungary Requirements on FDI's to get integrated in Hun. Ecosystem Develop financial instruments for sustainable technologies targeting small innovative clean-tech companies along the battery value chain Create incentives for financing sustainable investments 	 Create a network of strong players, including SME's representing the entire value chain
Competitive advantage through the growth of a strong Hungarian R&I capacity	Targeting research and innovation to support the development of a competitive battery value chain in Hungary	 Strengthen the Hungarian innovation ecosystem Strengthen the collaboration between academia and industry 	Increase Hungary's Innovation Scorecard on a European level
Charged to meet the future demands of an electrified society	Developing and strengthening a skilled workforce in the battery value chain	 Increase quantity and quality of battery research and education Develop skills for an electrified society Financial support for the training of the workforce along the battery value chain 	Number of jobs retained and established as a result of the focus on the battery industry by 2030
Battery materials in a sustainable and circular economy industry	Secure access to raw materials for battery manufacturing through extraction , recycling and re-use	 Develop flagship for domestic access to raw materials from mining and recycling Stimulate re-use and recycling of batteries for increased circular material flows 	Create value and business opportunities in the transition to a sustainable and circular economy
Hungary – a focal point for the European battery industry	Stimulate national and regional collaboration for a strong position in European Battery value chain	 Implement and follow up the action proposals through broad collaboration throughout the battery value chain Facilitate access to the European value chain for batteries Positioning Hungary in the European battery ecosystem Working actively in European Networks 	 Establish strategic partnerships and business op portunities with neighboring economies Connect the relevant local stakeholders to the European battery industry and thereby expanding value chains Possibilities to influence EU agenda

The Hungarian Battery Alliance – Implementation of the Strategy







Platform transformed

into the

Hungarian Battery Association

39 founding members in

the Platform start

working

Working groups

- Manufacturers and suppliers
- **R&D&I** and Education
- E-mobility

Foundation of the

Hungarian Battery

Platform

- Stationary storage
- Manufacturing and recycling
- Regulations

Signing MoU about implementation of trainings and education based on the "European Battery Academy" in Hungary









EBA Academy in Hungary







Key challenges/opportunities

Future needs (employment)

Solution



Net-impact of **10-25%** job losses because of automotive transformation acc. to McKinsey*

"35% of workers in the automotive industry are expected to require retraining in the next two years, and we certainly have less than 8 years to complete all retraining." (BCG, KPMG)

Direct: **30.000** to require re-skilling

Indirect:**35.000** to require re-skilling

Main focus on re-skilling (2-5 years)



Raw materials tive aterials &

Aplicatio

Recyclin 2nd life

Integration of Hungarian corporates and SMEs into the European battery supply chains increase the Hungarian

added value.

Strategic execution of one of the key pillars of the Hungarian Battery Strategy (Education)

Direct: 10.000 New jobs in 5-6 years

Indirect: 40-50 000 new jobs

Main focus on deploying new knowledge base

Energy

Business model shift of utilities

Changing role of the distribution players regarding grid management and storage solutions- Increasing role of the need for storage on B2B and B2C segments

Grid stability and security, increasing distributed energy generation

Direct: about **3.000** can require new skills and upskilling

Indirect: 9.000 can require new skills and up-skilling

Main focus on knowledge base extension of current workers



Power of suppliers

Implementing the competence development projects of the Hungarian Battery Industry Association

Domestic added

value

Reskilling and upskilling training the workforce

Launch of EBA Academy in 2022

Financial resources

Joining European R&D funding programmes and consortia with funding opportunities

Providing financial support for R&D, CAPEX and trainings

Market incentives

Stimulating the domestic battery market to provide domestic manufacturers with a reference and initial income

Technology development

Joining European consortia for strategic development paralel with global targets





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